# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

A03614007

# Section 1. Identification

: KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MARK™ Solvent-Based Inverted Marking Paint (Fluorescent) Neon Green
: A03614007
: Not available.
: Aerosol.
he substance or mixture and uses advised against
: Krylon Products Group 101 Prospect Avenue NW Cleveland, OH 44115
: US/Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: CHEMTREC Mexico 800-681-9531. Available 24 hours and 365 days per year
: US/Canada: (800) 247-3266 Mexico: Not Available
: US/Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 20.2% (oral), 35% (dermal), 37.2% (inhalation)</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 5/14/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/18/2024	Version
A03614007	KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MAR Neon Green	RK™ Solvent-Based In	verted Marking Paint (Fluorescent)		SHW-85-N

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>May damage fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	<ul> <li>Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> </ul>
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.</li> <li>Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of	:	Not available.
identification		

**CAS number/other identifiers** 

: 4/18/2024

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

•	U	
Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Methyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	79-20-9
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Toluene	≥10 - ≤25	108-88-3
Butane	≤10	106-97-8
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤10	64742-89-8
Hexane	≤3	110-54-3
2-Methylpentane	≤3	107-83-5
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤3	1330-20-7
3-Methylpentane	<1	96-14-0
2,3-Dimethylbutane	<1	79-29-8
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	≤0.3	96-29-7
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4
Cyclohexane	≤0.3	110-82-7
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≤0.3	64742-47-8
2,2-Dimethylbutane	≤0.3	75-83-2
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≤0.3	64742-47-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Causes senous eye initiation. : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or
innalation	dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> </ul>
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.	

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable aerosol.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions Methods and materials for co	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limitsACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes.NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.TWA: 610 mg/m³ 10 hours.STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 760 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9		
Propane	74-98-6	<ul> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</li> <li>TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Oxyge</li> <li>Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potentia</li> </ul>	
Toluene	108-88-3	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).	
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#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. 106-97-8 Butane NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butane] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. 64742-89-8 Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent None. Hexane 110-54-3 ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 2-Methylpentane 107-83-5 ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Hexane isomers, other than n-Hexane] TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1760 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [HEXANE ISOMERS] TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Xylene, mixed isomers 1330-20-7 OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [pxylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. 3-Methylpentane 96-14-0 ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Hexane isomers, other than n-Hexane] TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1760 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [HEXANE ISOMERS] TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 2,3-Dimethylbutane 79-29-8 ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/14/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/18/2024 Version : 27 7/23 A03614007 KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MARK™ Solvent-Based Inverted Marking Paint (Fluorescent) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US Neon Green

		-
		[Hexane isomers, other than n-Hexane] TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [HEXANE ISOMERS] TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 300 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Hexane isomers, other than n-Hexane] TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [HEXANE ISOMERS] TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>OEL: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Normal propane	74-98-6	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].</li> <li>Explosive potential.</li> </ul>
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
Toluene108-88-3CA Alberta Provincial (Cana Absorbed through skin. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provin 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Cana TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Cana TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Cana TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial		<ul> <li>OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
Butane	106-97-8	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).

		<ul> <li>TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</li> <li>7/2013). [Butane]</li> <li>STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,</li> <li>8/2023). [butane, all isomers] Explosive potential.</li> <li>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Butane, All isomers] Explosive potential</li> <li>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
lormal hexane	110-54-3	<ul> <li>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STEL: 62.5 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
-Methylpentane	107-83-5	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>OEL: 3500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 1760 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Hexane, all isomers except n-Hexane]</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Hexane isomers, other than n-hexane]</li> <li>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>[Hexane]</li> <li>TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 3500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Hexane]</li> <li>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
(ylene	1330-20-7	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Dimethylbenzene] OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime         96-29-7         OR: 434 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023), EVylene (o, m & p iscomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Xylene]           Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime         96-29-7         ORR Stattchewan Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). (Opm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 15 minutes. STEV: 652 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA Chatria Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Keresene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial Canada, 8/2023). [Keresene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial Canada, 8/2023). [Keresene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial Canada, 8/2023). [Keresene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>2</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). Stevet through skin. TWA: 200			
Ethylbenzene       100-41-4       sensitizer.       TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 430 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 430 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 8/2019). TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosenel/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosenel/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).         Zote of issue/Date of revision       :5/14/2024       Date of previous issue       :4/18/2024       Versio: 127       1/23	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>8/2023). [Xylene (o, m &amp; p isomers)]</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</b> <b>[Xylene]</b> TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> <b>[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013). [Xylene]</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate       64742-47-8       OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 343 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA Stritish Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.         64742-47-8       64742-47-8       CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.         64742-47-8       CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.         64742-47-8       CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Outer of provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin.         Date of issue/Date of revision       :5/14/202       Date of previous issue       :4/18/2024       Version ::27       1/223		96-29-7	sensitizer.
8/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).         Date of issue/Date of revision       : 5/14/2024       Date of previous issue       : 4/18/2024       Version : 27       11/23         A03614007       KRVLONE Industrial QUIK-MARK <sup>M</sup> Solvent-Based Inverted Marking Paint (Fluorescent)       : 4/18/2024       Version : 27       11/23	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
A03614007 KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MARK™ Solvent-Based Inverted Marking Paint (Fluorescent) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	<ul> <li>8/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
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		[kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		8/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed
		through skin. Notes: Application restricted
		to conditions in which there are negligible
		aerosol exposures.
		TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon
		vapour) 8 hours.
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
		[Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through
		skin.
		OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
		vapour) 8 hours.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
		[kerosene] Absorbed through skin.
		TWAEV: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

## Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
Toluene	108-88-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Hexane	110-54-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xileno, mezcla] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

## **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

Ingredient name			Exposure indic	ces	
Toluene		ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.			
Hexane			•	<b>ited States, 7/2023)</b> 2,5-hexanedion [in urine end of shift.	9].
Xylene, mixed isomers				ited States, 7/2023) [x pmmercial grades)]	ylenes
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	BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Cyclohexane	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 50 mg/g creatinine, 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

## Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

## **Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Toluene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-
	Biological exposure indices for personnel
	occupationally exposed to chemical
	substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)
	BEI: 0.05 mg/L, toluene [in blood]. Sampling
	time: sample time not specified.
	BEI: 1.6 g/g creatinine [Basal level.The
	determinant may be present in the biological
	sample obtained from subjects who have no
	been occupationally exposed, at a
	concentration that could affect the
	interpretation of the results. These
	background levels are included in the valu;
	non-specific. The determinant is nonspecific,
	since it can be found after exposure to other
	chemicals.], hippuric acid [in urine]. Samplin
	time: at the end of the work shift.
	BEI: 0.5 mg/L [Basal level.The determinant
	may be present in the biological sample
	obtained from subjects who have not been
	occupationally exposed, at a concentration
	that could affect the interpretation of the
	results. These background levels are include
	in the valu], o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling tim
	at the end of the work shift.
Hexane	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-
	047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-
	Biological exposure indices for personne
	occupationally exposed to chemical
	substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)
	BEI: 0.4 mg/L, 2,5-hexanedione [in urine].
	Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the
	end of the work week.
Xylene, mixed isomers	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-
······································	047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-
	Biological exposure indices for personne
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occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)]
BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Green.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 9.1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Flammable aerosol.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 16%
Vapor pressure	: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 1.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.9
Solubility(ies)	:

Media		Result		
cold water		Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	lot applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	: Not	Not available.		
Viscosity	: Kin	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)		
Molecular weight	: Not	Not applicable.		
Aerosol product				
Type of aerosol	: Spra	Spray		
Heat of combustion	: 24.9	24.993 kJ/g		

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.			
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			

## Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Cyclohexane	LD50 Oral	Rat	6240 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
-				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		Dahbit		mg	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

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### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Toluene	-	3	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Hexane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Methylpentane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
3-Methylpentane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2,3-Dimethylbutane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Cyclohexane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2,2-Dimethylbutane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Hexane	Category 2	-	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 2	-	blood system
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-Methylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-Methylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,3-Dimethylbutane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cyclohexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,2-Dimethylbutane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Information on the likely routes of exposure	-	Not available.						
Potential acute health effects								
Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.								
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.						
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.						
Ingestion	-	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.						
Symptoms related to the p	hy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics						
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness						
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations						
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations						
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations						
Delayed and immediate eff	ec	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure						
Short term exposure								
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.						
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.						
Long term exposure								
Potential immediate effects		Not available.						
Potential delayed effects		Not available.						
Potential chronic health ef	fec	<u>ets</u>						
Not available.								

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General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> </ul>
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity** Acuto toxicity estimates

Acute toxicity estimates					
Route	ATE value				
Oral	342055.81 mg/kg				
Dermal	161975.72 mg/kg				

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl Acetate	Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 🥄
Toluene	Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Hexane	Acute LC50 2500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Cyclohexane	Acute LC50 4530 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Date of previous issue

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Toluene	-	-	Readily 🥄
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Toluene	-	90	Low	
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High	
Hexane	-	501.187	High	
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	Low	
Cyclohexane	-	167	Low	

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	
coefficient (Koc)	

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Date of issue/Date of rev A03614007 KRYLC Neon C	N® Industrial QUIK-MARK™ Solvent-I				ion : 27 20/2: /-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 14.	Transport inf	ormation			
Additional information	- ERG No.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). <b>ERG No.</b>	- <u>ERG No.</u>	-	Emergency schedules F-D, S- U
	126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.
Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.					
Transport in bulk a to IMO instrument	_	able.			
	Proper s	shipping name	: Not available.		

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### **SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **International regulations**

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

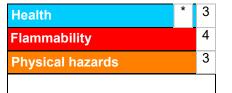
Not listed.

#### **International lists**

: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

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<u>HISTORY</u>	
Date of printing	: 5/14/2024
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Version	: 27
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

: 4/18/2024

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

## Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buver/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.