## SAFETY DATA SHEET

1312

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish

Product code : 1312

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group

101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company

: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Product Information Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (800) 457-9566

Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** 

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 45.1%

(oral), 52.7% (dermal), 58.6% (inhalation)

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version : 25.01 1/19

### Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Hazard statements**

: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eve irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer.

### **Precautionary statements**

#### General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

#### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

#### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

### **Storage**

Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### **Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

## Supplemental label

elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

### Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≥10 - ≤25	64742-89-8
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Butane	≥10 - ≤25	106-97-8
Acetone	≤10	67-64-1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤10	64742-49-0
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤10	68410-97-9
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≤10	64742-47-8
Di-isobutyl Ketone	≤5	108-83-8
Stoddard Solvent	≤3	8052-41-3
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	≤3	64742-94-5

Date of issue/Date of revision 2/19 : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version: 25.01 1312 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

#### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients Heptane ≤3 142-82-5 Naphthalene ≤0.3 91-20-3 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ≤0.3 95-63-6 Nonane ≤0.3 111-84-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and Skin contact

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing

before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth Ingestion

with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and Ingestion

enters airways.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version: 25.01 3/19 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

### Section 4. First aid measures

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Flammable aerosol.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version : 25.01 4/19

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version : 25.01 5/19

1312 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Propane	64742-89-8 74-98-6	None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
Butane	106-97-8	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).  [Butane] Explosive potential.  STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).  TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-49-0 68410-97-9 64742-47-8	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Di-isobutyl Ketone	108-83-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 145 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 150 mg/m³ 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 290 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours.  CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Date of issue/Date of revision 6/19 : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version: 25.01 1312 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

occion o. Exposure contro	io porociiai proc	
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Heptane	64742-94-5 142-82-5	None.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).  [Heptane]  TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 85 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours.  CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes.  CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes.  CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 2000 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Naphthalene	91-20-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 50 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 75 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).  TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Nonane	111-84-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1050 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 1050 mg/m³ 10 hours.

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Normal propane	74-98-6	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).  OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).  TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].  Explosive potential.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 8/27/2024Date of previous issue: 7/17/2024Version: 25.017/19

Butane	106-97-8	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
		CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Butane] STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [butane, all isomers] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Butane, All isomers] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
acetone	67-64-1	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).  OEL: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours.  OEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.  OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).  TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).  TWAEV: 250 ppm 8 hours.  STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin.  OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [kerosene] Absorbed through skin.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 8/27/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 7/17/2024
 Version
 : 25.01
 8/19

 1312
 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

TWAEV: 200 mg/m² 8 hours.   CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).   OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.   CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).   TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.   CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).   TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.   CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).   TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.   TWAEV: 145 ppm 8 hours.   CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).   STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.   TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.   CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).   OEL: 572 mg/m² 8 hours.   OEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.   OEL: 1	•		
OEL: 572 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).  TWA: 290 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 580 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Heptane] OEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 4400 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 4400 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Heptane, Isomers] TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Heptane, all isomers] TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Ineptane] TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Ineptane] TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).	Diisobutyl ketone	108-83-8	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).  OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 145 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).  TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 145 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
[Heptane]  OEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [heptane, Isomers] TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Heptane, all isomers] TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [heptane] TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Asakatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.  Naphthalene  91-20-3  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). Absorbed through skin.	Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	OEL: 572 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).  TWA: 290 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 580 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).  TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
Absorbed through skin.	Normal heptane	142-82-5	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Heptane]  OEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OEL: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours.  OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours.  OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [heptane, Isomers]  TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Heptane, all isomers]  TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [heptane]  TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours.  STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
<u>'</u>	Naphthalene	91-20-3	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). Absorbed through skin.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 8/27/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 7/17/2024
 Version
 : 25.01
 9/19

 1312
 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

•	
	OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	OEL: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	8/2023). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	- 11

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS#	Exposure limits
Acetone	67-64-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Di-isobutyl Ketone	108-83-8	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Heptane	142-82-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
Naphthalene	91-20-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.

### **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Acetone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Naphthalene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023)  BEI: Nonquantitative: Biological monitoring should be considered for this compound based on the review; however, a specific BEI® could not be determined due to insufficient data., 1-naphthol + 2-naphthol [(sample not specified)]. Sampling time: end of shift.

### Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

## **Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

Date of issue	/Date of revision	: 8/27/2024	Date of previous issue	: 7/17/2024	<b>Version</b> : 25.01	10/19
1312	KRYLON® KAMA	R™ Varnish			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Acetone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 50 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

## Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version : 25.01 11/19

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Clear.

: Not available. Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** Hq : Not applicable. **Melting point/freezing point** : Not available. : Not available. **Boiling point, initial boiling** 

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1) : Flammable aerosol. **Flammability** 

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 12.8%

: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density : 1.55 [Air = 1]

Relative density 0.68

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt) **Viscosity** 

**Molecular weight** Not applicable.

**Aerosol product** 

Type of aerosol : Spray **Heat of combustion** : 37.984 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

not be produced.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 12/19 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version: 25.01

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.17 g/kg	-
Di-isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16120 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5750 mg/kg	-
Heptane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Di-isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	15 minutes 25 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Stoddard Solvent	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	100 ppm	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 uL	-
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	495 mg	_
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 MI	-
Nonane	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat	-	96 hours 300 uL	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 8/27/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 7/17/2024
 Version
 : 25.01
 13/19

 1312
 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Acetone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Di-isobutyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Stoddard Solvent	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Heptane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Nonane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Stoddard Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphthalene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 8/27/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 7/17/2024
 Version
 : 25.01
 14/19

 1312
 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 8/27/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 7/17/2024
 Version
 : 25.01
 15/19

 1312
 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae	42 days
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Heptane	Acute LC50 375000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Melanotaenia fluviatilis</i> - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Uca pugnax</i> - Adult	3 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-	-	Readily
Nonane	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	-	10 to 2500	High
Solvent Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon		10 to 2500	High
Solvent	-	10 to 2500	riigii
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	-	10 to 2500	High
Solvent			
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	-	99 to 5780	High
Heptane	-	552	High
Naphthalene	-	36.5 to 168	Low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	Low
Nonane	-	105	Low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 8/27/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 7/17/2024
 Version
 : 25.01
 16/19

 1312
 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
nazaru ciass(es)	TAMMARI CAS				
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	_	Emergency schedules F-D, S- U
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version : 25.01 17/19

## **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

### Transport in bulk according: Not available. to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name

: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### **SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### **International regulations**

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### International lists

: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version: 25.01 18/19 1312 KRYLON® KAMAR™ Varnish SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

### Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

### **History**

**Date of printing** : 8/27/2024 Date of issue/Date of : 8/27/2024

revision

Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 **Version** 25.01

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group **UN = United Nations** 

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/27/2024 Date of previous issue : 7/17/2024 Version: 25.01 19/19 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US