# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

2034

# Section 1. Identification

Product name	: KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint International Harvester White			
Product code	: 2034			
Other means of identification	Not available.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Paint or paint related material.				
Manufacturer	: Krylon Products Group 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115			
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year			
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 457-9566 Mexico: Not Available			
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year			

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 23.8% (oral), 23.8% (dermal), 32.2% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024	Version	: 30.02	1/19
2034	KRYLON® Farm & Imp	lement Paint			SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	
International Harvester White							

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have
	product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance/mixture: MixtureOther means of<br/>identification: Not available.

**CAS number/other identifiers** 

Date of previous issue

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

-	-	
Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Titanium Dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≤10	64742-47-8
Methyl Acetate	<10	79-20-9
Kaolin	≤10	1332-58-7
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	≤7.7	64742-47-8
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<1	64742-95-6
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤1	22464-99-9
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	≤0.3	96-29-7
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	≤0.3	64742-48-9
trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	25551-13-7
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	95-63-6
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	136-52-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

International Harvester White

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms	<u>/effects, acute an</u>	<u>d delayed</u>			
Potential acute health eff	<u>ects</u>				
Eye contact	: No known si	ignificant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Inhalation	: Can cause o dizziness.	central nervous system (	CNS) depression.	May cause drowsiness or	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024	Version : 30.02	3/19
2034 KRYLON® Fai	m & Implement Paint			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

# Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/</u>	symptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing modia	
<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024	Version	: 30.02	4/19
2034 KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint International Harvester White				SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US		

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> <li>Flammable liquid.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers
	retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits		
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles		
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon				
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 757 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/1	9/2024 Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024 Version : 30.02 6/19		
2034 KRYLON® Farm & Implemen International Harvester White		SHW-85-NA-GHS-US		

Section 8. Exposure controls	• •	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
		fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
		TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor]
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	64742-95-6	None.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		[Zirconium and compounds as Zr]
		TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		[zirconium compounds as Zr]
		TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 10 hours.
		STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Źr) 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		[Zirconium compounds (as Zr)]
		TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin
		sensitizer.
I budue two etc. d I be every Detaile view. New letter	04740 40 0	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha trimethylbenzene	64742-48-9 25551-13-7	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	20001-10-7	[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [cobalt
		and inorganic compounds as Co] Skin
		sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
		TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient n	ame			CAS #	Exposure lim	its		
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate		e	64742-47-8	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).				
Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of pre	evious issue	: 4/3/2024	Version	: 30.02	7/19
034	KRYLON® Farm	& Implement Paint /ester White				SHW-85-	-NA-GHS-U	S

#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. 79-20-9 Methyl acetate CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. Kaolin 1332-58-7 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate 64742-47-8 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/3/2024 Version : 30.02 8/19 2034 KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint SHW-85-NA-GHS-US International Harvester White

#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate 22464-99-9 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds as Z] STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime 96-29-7 OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 136-52-7 Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate 6/2022). [cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co, Inhalable] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. Notes: No British Columbia exposure limit at this time CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co, Total] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co, Total) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Cobalt elemental, and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co] TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds as Col STEL: 0.06 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Co) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Co) 8 hours.

**Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)** 

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 4/19/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 4/3/2024
 Version
 : 30.02
 9/19

 2034
 KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint International Harvester White
 KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.

**Biological exposure indices (United States)** 

Ingredient name Exposure indices	
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [cobalt and inorganic compounds including cobalt oxides] BEI: 15 µg/l, not combined with tungsten carbide - cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek. BEI: Nonquantitative: Biological monitoring should be considered for this compound based on the review; however, a specific BEI® could not be determined due to insufficient data., cobalt with tungsten carbide - cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

#### **Biological exposure indices (Canada)**

No exposure indices known.

#### **Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

Ingredient name			Exposure indic	es		
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate			Official Mexicar 047-SSA1-2011, Biological expo occupationally substances. (Me its compounds] BEI: 1 µg/I [Bas be present in the from subjects wh occupationally ex that could affect results. These ba	Environmen sure indices exposed to c exico, 6/2012 al level.The d biological sam to have not be posed, at a c the interpretat	tal Healt for pers hemical ) [cobalt etermina mple obta een oncentration of the	onnel and nt may ained tion
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024	Version	: 30.02	10/19
	rm & Implement Paint Harvester White			SHW-85	-NA-GHS-U	IS

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	in the valu; semi-quantitative. The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week. BEI: 15 µg/l [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu], cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.
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Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/3/2024 Version : 30.02 11/19
2034 KRVI ON® Farm	& Implement Paint SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

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2034	KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint		SHW-85-NA-GHS-US
	International Harvester White		

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: White.		
Odor	: Not available.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
рН	: Not applicable.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 55°C (131°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: -12°C (10.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]		
Evaporation rate	: 5.3 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability	: Flammable liquid.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1% Upper: 16%		
Vapor pressure	: 22.8 kPa (171 mm Hg)		
Relative vapor density	: 2.6 [Air = 1]		
Relative density	: 1.22		
Solubility(ies)	:		
Media	Result		
cold water	Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable. octanol/water			
Auto-ignition temperature	ure : Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	rature : Not available.		
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)		
Molecular weight	Molecular weight : Not applicable.		

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

International Harvester White

: 11.562 kJ/g

Heat of combustion

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity availab	le for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, ha	zardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or fl braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined are	heat or sources of ignition. Do not
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/3/2024	4 Version : 30.02 12/19
2034 KRYLON® Fan	n & Implement Paint	SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Hydrotreated Heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Petroleum Naphtha			U U	
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
• •	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
Methyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 4/19/2024

 2034
 KRYLON® Farm & Implement Paint International Harvester White

# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Category 3		Narcotic effects
Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Category 3		Narcotic effects
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Category 3		Narcotic effects
Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 1 Category 3	Category 3-Category 3-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Kaolin	Category 2 Category 1	- inhalation	- lungs
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	- -	- - blood system

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024	Version	: 30.02	14/19
2034	KRYLON® Farm & In International Harveste				SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

: 4/3/2024

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Methyl Acetate	Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i>	48 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Elasmopus</i> <i>pectenicrus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	Low
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	Low
Hydrotreated Heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Petroleum Naphtha			_
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	Low
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	15600	High

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024	Version	: 30.02	16/19
2034	KRYLON® Farm & Imp International Harvester				SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 14. Trar	sport information
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	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	11	11		II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). <b>ERG No.</b> 128	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128		<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
pecial precautions	mode o suitabl to ship of the p danger	description of the provided shipping description of transport (sea, air, y for that mode of transport, and compliance person offering the provided shipping the provided shipping the provided shipping the transport of the provided shipping t	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic nsport. All packaging e with the applicable oduct for transport. rained on all of the r	pping description ate that the produ g must be reviewe regulations is the People loading ar isks deriving from	for a particular ct is packaged ed for suitability prior e sole responsibility nd unloading

Proper shipping name

: Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **International regulations**

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024	Version : 30.02	17/19
2034	KRYLON® Farm & Im International Harveste	•			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

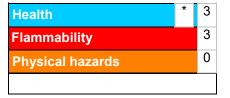
#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method
<u>History</u>	
Date of printing : 4/19/2024	

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Date of issue/Date of	: 4/19/2024
revision	
Date of previous issue	: 4/3/2024
Version	: 30.02

: 4/3/2024

### Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.