# SAFETY DATA SHEET

RTQ9710

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : RUST TOUGH® Enamel
Flat White

**Product code** : RTQ9710

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product type** : Liquid.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Paint or paint related material.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group
101 W. Prospect Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44115

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

**Product Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (800) 457-9566
Mexico: Not Available

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 9.4% (oral), 9.4% (dermal), 25.3% (inhalation)

**GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May cause cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

**Precautionary statements**

**General** : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**CAS number/other identifiers**

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|---|---|---|
| Titanium Dioxide | ≥10 - ≤25 | 13463-67-7 |
| Methyl Acetate | ≥10 - ≤25 | 79-20-9 |
| Calcium Carbonate | ≥10 - ≤25 | 1317-65-3 |
| Talc | ≥10 - ≤25 | 14807-96-6 |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | ≤4.9 | 64742-47-8 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | ≤4.7 | 64742-47-8 |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | ≤0.3 | 14808-60-7 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | ≤0.27 | 64742-95-6 |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | ≤0.3 | 22464-99-9 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | ≤0.3 | 96-29-7 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

# Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

# Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**See toxicological information (Section 11)**

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, $CO_2$, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Remark** : Flammable liquid.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|---|---|---|
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).**<br>TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust<br>**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).**<br>TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).**<br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**<br>TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 610 mg/m³ 10 hours.<br>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 760 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).**<br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| Calcium Carbonate | 1317-65-3 | **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).**<br>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br>TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | | **NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [calcium carbonate]**<br>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br>TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | **NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**<br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br>**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).**<br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | 64742-47-8 | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 14808-60-7 | **OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).**<br>TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br>TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br>**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline]**<br>TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust<br>**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline]**<br>TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br>**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AS RESPIRABLE DUST)]**<br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | 64742-95-6 | None. |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr]**<br>TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br>STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br>**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [zirconium compounds as Zr]**<br>TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 10 hours.<br>STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br>**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Zirconium compounds (as Zr)]**<br>TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | **OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer.**<br>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |

**Occupational exposure limits (Canada)**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|---|---|---|
| Methyl acetate | 79-20-9 | **CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).**<br>8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>15 min OEL: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.<br>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**<br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.<br>**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**<br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.<br>**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**<br>TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWAEV: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEV: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes.<br>**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**<br>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| talc (none asbestiform) | 14807-96-6 | **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica.**<br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br>**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**<br>TWAEV: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.<br>**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).**<br>8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate<br>**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**<br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.<br>TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours.<br>**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**<br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction |
| Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate | 64742-47-8 | **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.**<br>TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.<br>**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin.**<br>8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.<br>**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin.** |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | | TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. |
| Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate | 64742-47-8 | **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.**<br>TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.<br>**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin.**<br>8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.<br>**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. |
| Quartz | 14808-60-7 | **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite Respirable]**<br>TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br>**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]**<br>TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.<br>**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).**<br>8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate<br>**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]**<br>TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.<br>**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**<br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | **CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr]**<br>8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br>15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br>**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr]**<br>TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br>STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br>**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds]**<br>TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br>STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br>**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds as Z]**<br>STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | **OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer.** |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | | TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |

**Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

| | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|---|---|---|
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | **NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).**<br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | 64742-47-8 | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).**<br>**[Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor]**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).**<br>**[Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor]**<br>**Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | **NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).**<br>**[Zirconium compounds]**<br>TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br>STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. |

**Biological exposure indices (United States)**

No exposure indices known.

**Biological exposure indices (Canada)**

No exposure indices known.

**Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

No exposure indices known.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Not available.

**Odor** : Not available.

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not applicable.

**Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.

**Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : 55°C (131°F)

**Flash point** : Closed cup: -13°C (8.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** : 5.3 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Flammability** : Flammable liquid.

**Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 1%
Upper: 16%

**Vapor pressure** : 22.8 kPa (171 mm Hg)

**Relative vapor density** : 2.6 [Air = 1]

**Relative density** : 1.44

**Solubility(ies)** :

| Media | Result |
|---|---|
| cold water | Partially soluble |

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 $mm^2/s$ (<20.5 cSt)

**Molecular weight** : Not applicable.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Heat of combustion** : 11.494 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Methyl Acetate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | LD50 Oral | Rat | 930 mg/kg | - |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Titanium Dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 ug l | - |
| Methyl Acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 mg | - |
| Talc | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 ug l | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 uL | - |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 uL | - |

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Carcinogenicity

Not available.

## Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|---|---|---|---|
| Titanium Dioxide | - | 2B | - |
| Talc | - | 3 | - |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | + | 1 | Known to be a human carcinogen. |

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## Teratogenicity

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|---|---|---|
| Methyl Acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Calcium Carbonate | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Category 1 | - | upper respiratory tract |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|---|---|---|
| Talc | Category 1 | inhalation | lungs |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | Category 2 | - | - |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Category 2 | - | - |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | Category 1 | inhalation | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Category 2 | - | - |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Category 2 | - | blood system |

## Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|---|
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

## Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|---|---|---|
| Titanium Dioxide | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - *Fundulus heteroclitus* | 96 hours |
| Methyl Acetate | Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - *Pimephales promelas* | 96 hours |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - *Lepomis macrochirus* | 4 days |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - *Lepomis macrochirus* | 4 days |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - *Pimephales promelas* | 96 hours |

## Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|---|---|---|
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | - | Readily |

## Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | $LogP_{ow}$ | BCF | Potential |
|---|---|---|---|
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | - | 2.96 | Low |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | - | 2.5 to 5.8 | Low |

## Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient ($K_{OC}$)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **UN number** | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| **UN proper shipping name** | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| **Transport hazard class(es)** | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3  |
| **Packing group** | II | II | II | II | II |
| **Environmental hazards** | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| **Additional information** | - <br><br> **ERG No.** <br> 128 | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). <br> **ERG No.** <br> 128 | - <br><br> **ERG No.** <br> 128 | - | **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-E |

**Special precautions for user** : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

**California Prop. 65**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**International regulations**

# Section 15. Regulatory information

## Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

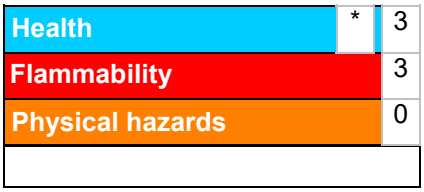
## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**International lists** : **Australia inventory (AIIC)**: Not determined.
**China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
**Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.
**Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.
**Korea inventory (KECI)**: Not determined.
**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.
**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.
**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: Not determined.
**Thailand inventory**: Not determined.
**Turkey inventory**: Not determined.
**Vietnam inventory**: Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

## Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)




**The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.**

**Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.**

## Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|---|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 | On basis of test data |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A | Calculation method |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 | Calculation method |

## History

**Date of printing** : 1/28/2024

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# Section 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

**Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.**

**Notice to reader**

**It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.**