SAFETY DATA SHEET

RTG9732

Section 1. Identification

| Product name | : RUST TOUGH® Enamel Satin White |
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| Product code | : RTG9732 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses of t | he substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Paint or paint related material. | |
| | |
| Manufacturer | : Krylon Products Group 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115 |
| Emergency telephone number of the company | : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year |
| Product Information Telephone Number | : US / Canada: (800) 457-9566 Mexico: Not Available |
| Transportation Emergency Telephone Number | : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|--|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 13.2% (oral), 13.2% (dermal), 19.8% (inhalation) |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |

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Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| | Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| | May cause cancer. |
| | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Response | : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. |
| | Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations. |

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

- : Mixture
- Other means of identification
- - : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Calcium Carbonate | ≥25 - ≤50 | 1317-65-3 |
| Titanium Dioxide | ≥10 - ≤25 | 13463-67-7 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | <9.2 | 64742-47-8 |
| Methyl Acetate | ≤6.7 | 79-20-9 |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | <4.1 | 64742-47-8 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | <1 | 64742-95-6 |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | ≤0.3 | 22464-99-9 |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | ≤0.3 | 14808-60-7 |
| trimethylbenzene | ≤0.3 | 25551-13-7 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | ≤0.3 | 96-29-7 |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | ≤0.3 | 64742-48-9 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ≤0.3 | 95-63-6 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower |
|--------------|---|
| | eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

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| Satin W | nite | | | | |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Most important symptoms/e | ffects, acute and delayed |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Potential acute health effect | |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Over-exposure signs/symp | <u>otoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Indication of immediate med | lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| - | |
|--|---|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| Remark | : Flammable liquid. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | tive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

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Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | L | |
|--|---|---|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits | | |
|---|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Calcium Carbonate | 1317-65-3 | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [calcium carbonate] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total | | |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. | | |
| ight Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | | | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. | | |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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| | | STEL: 757 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 64742-95-6 22464-99-9 | None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Zirconium and compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 14808-60-7 | OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO₂+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO₂+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE] TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust |
| trimethylbenzene | 25551-13-7 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 64742-48-9 95-63-6 | None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

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| 64742-47-8 | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, |
|------------|---|
| | 8/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| 79-20-9 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| 64742-47-8 | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon |
| | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| I. | • • | |
|----------------------------|------------|---|
| | | vapour) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Zirconium and compounds] OEL: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. OEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Zirconium and compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds] STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| Quartz | 14808-60-7 | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| | | CAS # | Exposure limits | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------|
| Light Aliph | atic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. | |
| Methyl Ace | etate | 79-20-9 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. | |
| Heavy Alip | hatic Solvent | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon | |
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| Section 8. Exposi | ıre | controls/pers | onal prot | ection |
|------------------------------------|------|--|--|---|
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | | | 22464-99-9 | vapor) 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Circonio y compuestos] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. |
| Biological exposure indice | s (U | nited States) | | |
| No exposure indices known | | | | |
| Biological exposure indice | s (C | anada) | | |
| No exposure indices known | • | | | |
| Biological exposure indice | s (M | exico) | | |
| No exposure indices known | | | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : | other engineering cont recommended or statu | trols to keep wor utory limits. The | e process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of ker exposure to airborne contaminants below any engineering controls also need to keep gas, y lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof |
| Environmental exposure controls | : | they comply with the re | equirements of e s, filters or engin | cess equipment should be checked to ensure nvironmental protection legislation. In some eering modifications to the process equipment to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measure | ures | | | |
| Hygiene measures | : | eating, smoking and u Appropriate technique Contaminated work cle | sing the lavatory s should be used othing should no before reusing. | ughly after handling chemical products, before and at the end of the working period. d to remove potentially contaminated clothing. t be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ocation. |
| Eye/face protection | : | assessment indicates gases or dusts. If con | this is necessary tact is possible, f | roved standard should be used when a risk / to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, the following protection should be worn, unless ree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | | | | |
| Hand protection | : | worn at all times when necessary. Considerin during use that the glo noted that the time to b | handling chemic ng the parameter ves are still retai breakthrough for In the case of m | complying with an approved standard should be cal products if a risk assessment indicates this is rs specified by the glove manufacturer, check ning their protective properties. It should be any glove material may be different for different ixtures, consisting of several substances, the e accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : | performed and the risk handling this product. | ks involved and s When there is a ng. For the grea | body should be selected based on the task being should be approved by a specialist before risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- test protection from static discharges, clothing ts and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : | | ng performed and | al skin protection measures should be selected d the risks involved and should be approved by a |
| Respiratory protection | : | appropriate standard of | or certification. F | exposure, select a respirator that meets the Respirators must be used according to a re proper fitting, training, and other important |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|---|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : White. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : 55°C (131°F) |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: -12°C (10.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 5.3 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability | : Flammable liquid. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | : Lower: 1% Upper: 16% |
| Vapor pressure | : 22.8 kPa (171 mm Hg) |
| Relative vapor density | : 2.6 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | : 1.47 |
| Solubility(ies) | ÷ |

| Media | | Result |
|--|-------------------|--|
| cold water | | Partially soluble |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not | applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not | available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not | available. |
| Viscosity | : Kin | ematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt) |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. | |
| Heat of combustion : 9.66 | | δ kJ/g |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

 In Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| Methyl Acetate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| 2 | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| trimethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8970 mg/kg | - |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | LD50 Oral | Rat | 930 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrotreated Heavy | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 8500 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| Petroleum Naphtha | | | | |
| • | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 18000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 ug l | - |
| Methyl Acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | mg 24 hours 500 | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | mg 24 hours 20 | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | mg 24 hours 100 uL | - |
| trimethylbenzene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | mg 24 hours 500 | - |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | mg 100 uL | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|--|--------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| Titanium Dioxide Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | - + | 2B 1 | - Known to be a human carcinogen. |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Calcium Carbonate | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Methyl Acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Category 1 | - | upper respiratory tract |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------|------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | Category 1 | inhalation | - |
| | Category 2 | - | blood system |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| trimethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

| Potential acute health effects |
|--------------------------------|
|--------------------------------|

| Eye contact | ÷ | Causes serious eye irritation. |
|--------------|---|--|
| Inhalation | 1 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | ÷ | Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | ; | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |

| Symptoms related to the p | hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
|---------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations | |
|--------------|--|--|
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations | |

| Delayed and immediate ef | fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health e | ffects |
| Not available. | |
| General | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : May damage the unborn child. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | |

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| Titanium Dioxide | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 hours |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 4 days |
| Methyl Acetate | Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 4 days |
| trimethylbenzene | Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio | 48 hours |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Elasmopus</i> pectenicrus - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
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Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------|--------------------|------------|
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | - | 2.96 2.5 to 5.8 | Low Low |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | - | 243 | Low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water | partition |
|-------------|-----------|
| coefficient | (Koc) |

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ΙΑΤΑ | IMDG |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | II | II | 11 | 11 | |
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| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Additional information | - <u>ERG No.</u> 128 | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). ERG No. 128 | - ERG No. 128 | | Emergency schedules F-E, S E |
| pecial precaution | co mc sui to of da | Iti-modal shipping descriptions de of transport (sea, air, tably for that mode of trans shipment, and complianc the person offering the pr ngerous goods must be to d on all actions in case of | e presence of a sh etc.), does not indi nsport. All packagin e with the applicab oduct for transport rained on all of the | hipping description for cate that the product ng must be reviewed le regulations is the s . People loading and risks deriving from th | r a particular is packaged for suitability prior sole responsibility unloading |

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

| International lists | : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. |
|---------------------|--|
| | China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. |
| | Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. |
| | Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. |
| | Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. |
| | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. |
| | Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. |
| | Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. |
| | Thailand inventory: Not determined. |

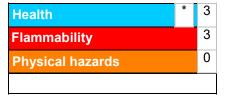
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Section 15. Regulatory information

Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 | On basis of test data |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A | Calculation method |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract | Calculation method |
| irritation) - Category 3 | |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | Calculation method |

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing | : 7/16/2024 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/16/2024 |
| Date of previous issue | : 5/18/2024 |
| Version | : 10 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.